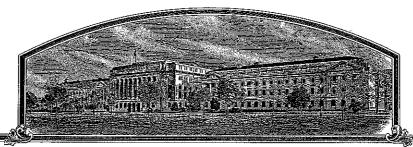
No.



200600159

THE UNITED STRATES OF AMERICA

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME:

Mest Bred IIC

PLOCEUS, THERE HAS BEEN PRESENTED TO THE

Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED DISTINCT VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED, OR TUBER PROPAGATED PLANT, THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THERETO IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDICATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS, HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF TWENTY YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC SEPLENISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAW, THE STATE OF THE VARIETY, OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT, OR CHING IT, OR EXPORTING IT, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE PURPOSE, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE OR USING IT IN PRODUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT VARIETY THEREFROM, TO THE EXTENT THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION ACT. (84 STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2321 ET SEQ.)

WHEAT, DURUM

'Grande Doro'

In Costimon Marrot, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Plant Haristy Protection Office to be affixed at the City of Washington, D.C. this ninth day of June, in the year two thousand and six.

Attast.

Commissioner

Plant Variety Protection Office Agricultural Marketing Service Secretary of Agriculture

INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: To be effectively filed with the Plant Variety Protection Office (PVPO), ALL of the following items must be received in the PVPO: (1) Completed application form signed by the owner; (2) completed exhibits A, B, C, E; (3) for a seed reproduced variety at least 2,500 viable untreated seeds, for a hybrid variety at least 2,500 untreated seeds of each line necessary to reproduce the variety, or for tuber reproduced varieties verification that a viable (in the sense that it will reproduce an entire plant) tissue culture will be deposited and maintained in an approved public repository; (4) check drawn on a U.S. bank for \$3,652 (\$432 filing fee and \$3,220 examination fee), payable to "Treasurer of the United States" (See Section 97.6 of the Regulations and Rules of Practice.) Partial applications will be held in the PVPO for not more than 90 days, then returned to the applicant as unfilled. Mail application and other requirements to Plant Variety Protection Office, AMS, USDA, Room 401, NAL Building, 10301 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville, MD 20705-2351. Retain one copy for your files. All items on the face of the application are self explanatory unless noted below. Corrections on the application form and exhibits must be initialed and dated. DO NOT use masking materials to make corrections. If a certificate is allowed, you will be requested to send a check payable to "Treasurer of the United States" in the amount of \$432 for issuance of the certificate. Certificates will be issued to owner, not licensee or agent.

Plant Variety Protection Office Telephone: (301) 504-5518 FAX: (301) 504-5291

Homepage: http://www.ams.usda.gov/science/pvpo/pvpindex.htm

To avoid conflict with other variety names in use, the applicant must check the appropriate recognized authority and provide evidence that name has been cleared by the appropriate recognized authority before the Certificate of Protection is issued. For example, for agricultural and vegetable crops, contact: Seed Branch, AMS, USDA, 10301 Baltimore Avenue, Suite 401 NAŁ Building, Beltsville, MD 20705. Telephone: (301) 504-5682 http://www.ams.usda.gov/lsg/seed.htm.

ITEM

19a. Give:

- (1) the genealogy, including public and commercial varieties, lines, or clones used, and the breeding method;
- (2) the details of subsequent stages of selection and multiplication;
- (3) evidence of uniformity and stability; and
- (4) the type and frequency of variants during reproduction and multiplication and state how these variants may be identified
- 19b. Give a summary of the variety's distinctness. Clearly state how this application variety may be distinguished from all other varieties in the same crop. If the new variety is most similar to one variety or a group of related varieties:
 - (1) identify these varieties and state all differences objectively;
 - (2) attach statistical data for characters expressed numerically and demonstrate that these are clear differences; and
 - (3) submit, if helpful, seed and plant specimens or photographs (prints) of seed and plant comparisons which clearly indicate distinctness.
- 19c. Exhibit C forms are available from the PVPO Office for most crops; specify crop kind. Fill in Exhibit C (Objective Description of Variety) form as completely as possible to describe your variety.
- 19d. Optional additional characteristics and/or photographs. Describe any additional characteristics that cannot be accurately conveyed in Exhibit C. Use comparative varieties as is necessary to reveal more accurately the characteristics that are difficult to describe, such as plant habit, plant color, disease resistance, etc.
- 19e. Section 52(5) of the Act requires applicants to furnish a statement of the basis of the applicant's ownership. An Exhibit E form is available from the PVPO.
- 20. If "Yes" is specified (seed of this variety be sold by variety name only, as a class of certified seed), the applicant MAY NOT reverse this affirmative decision after the variety has been sold and so labeled, the decision published, or the certificate issued. However, if "No" has been specified, the applicant may change the choice. (See Regulations and Rules of Practice, Section 97.103).
- 23. See Sections 41, 42, and 43 of the Act and Section 97.5 of the regulations for eligibility requirements.
- 24. See Section 55 of the Act for instructions on claiming the benefit of an earlier filing date.
- 22. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide a statement as to the limitation and sequence of generations that may be certified.)
- 23. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide the date of first sale, disposition, transfer, or use for each country and the circumstances, if the variety (including any harvested material) or a hybrid produced from this variety has been sold, disposed of, transferred, or used in the U.S. or other countries.)

March 17, 2005

24. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please give the country, date of filing or issuance, and assigned reference number, if the variety or any component of the variety is protected by intellectual property right (Plant Breeder's Right or Patent).)

NOTES: It is the responsibility of the applicant/owner to keep the PVPO informed of any changes of address or change of ownership or assignment or owner's representative during the life of the application/certificate. The fees for filing a change of address; owner's representative; ownership or assignment; or any modification of owner's name is specified in Section 97.175 of the regulations. (See Section 101 of the Act, and Sections 97.130, 97.131, 97.175(h) of the Regulations and Rules of Practice.)

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to everage 1.4 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, gender, religion, age, disability, sexual orientation, marital or family status, political beliefs, parental status, or protected genetic information. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at 202-720-2600 (voice and TDD).

To file a complaint of discrimination, write USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, Room 326-W, Whitten Building, 14th and Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call 202-720-5964 (voice and TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

"Grande Doro" Durum Wheat

Exhibit A. Origin and Breeding History

Grande Doro (CA-801-706) is a durum wheat derived from the cross "Mountrail" x FA-898-785 which was made in a growth chamber in February of 1999. FA-898-785 is a WestBred breeding line derived from the cross "Rugby" x "Duraking" that has been found to have some useful tolerance to the disease Fusarium head blight. F₁, F₂, F₃ and F₄ seed generations were advanced in growth chambers with selection for agronomic and seed characteristics. F4 heads were planted as rows in Carrington, ND in the spring of 2000 where they were screened for yield potential and resistance to common diseases of the region (including Fusarium head blight caused by the fungus Fusarium graminearum). F₅ plant selections were made, harvested and planted individually as 5 ft. x 20ft. plots in Yuma, AZ in November of 2000. These plots were evaluated for uniformity, height, straw strength, yield potential and visual seed quality. Five to ten representative F₆ plants from each plot were bulked, bundled and harvested. The F₆ derived F₇ seed from each bulk was planted as a 5 ft. x 20 ft. plot in Casselton, ND in spring of 2001. These plots were evaluated for uniformity, standability, height, yield, seed quality (visual and SDS sedimentation tests), and resistance to the common diseases of the north central region including scab. Grande Doro was derived from a single F₆ derived F₇ plot, 01-CA-406, in that nursery. This plot was harvested as a bulk and planted on 1/5 Acre in Yuma, AZ in November of 2001 as an initial Breeder Seed increase and given the experimental designation CA-801-706. It was evaluated as quite uniform. This Breeder Seed increase was harvested in April of 2002 and planted in Webster, ND on 3 acres as a second Breeder Seed increase in spring of 2002. Again,

the line, CA-801-706 was found to be quite uniform. From this increase, two 50 acre Foundation Seed increases were planted in the spring of 2003 in Webster, ND and Berthod, ND and the line was named Grande Doro.

Grande Doro is a medium height, medium maturity, hard amber durum wheat adapted to the durum growing region of North Dakota that was bred and developed by WestBred LLC. Grande Doro has been tested extensively in North Dakota by WestBred LLC, Dakota Growers Pasta, and North Dakota State University yield, quality and disease trials (Tables 1 to 5). It was tested in the USDA Uniform Regional Scab Nursery in 2003.

Grande Doro has been observed for six generations of increase and is uniform and stable. Typically, variants taller or shorter than a variety can appear in frequencies of 1 per 10,000. However, to date, no variants have been observed in Grande Doro.

Table 1. Mean agronomic and quality characteristics of Grande Doro and selected cultivars at company trials in six North Dakota locations in 20021.

			Falling					Test	
	Height	Heading	Number	HVAC ³	SEDS ⁴		Protein	Weight	Yield
Variety	cm	DAP ²	sec	%	mm	Color	%	nq/sqi	bu/ac
FA-898-782	80.2	53.0	378.7	93.0	47.3	7.3	14.0	59.7	45.3
Lebsock	9.69	54.1	372.4	90.4	45.4	7.2	13.7	59.5	44.2
Avonlea	70.1	53.6	406.7	92.5	45.4	7.4	15.0	57.9	43.5
Mountrail	67.3	55.8	364.9	93.3	48.9	7.1	14.0	57.7	41.8
CA-801-706	69.1	56.8	334.2	91.1	43.0	7.7	13.3	59.1	41.2
endra disperimentale della	A THE RESERVE AND A STATE OF THE RESERVE AND A S		The second secon	desirativi are per properti de la	The comment of the state of the	Annies de la composition della		Transmittance Action to the Ac	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR
Mean	71.3	55.0	371.4	92.1	50.6	7.3	14.2	58.5	40.7
LSD@0.05	2.8	0.81	24.0	1.8	2.7	0.05	0.3	0.3	3.4

Locations are Carrington, Leeds, Rolla, Roseglen, Ross and Westhope, North Dakota.

²Days after planting.
³ Hard vitreous amber count

Flour SDS sedimentation value.

⁵ Based on colorimeter readings using the Hunter Lab scale: Score=(L+2b)/20. A score of 10 is the highest rating and 1 is the lowest rating. Ratings of 7 or higher are quite acceptable.

Table 2. Mean disease reactions of Grande Doro and selected cultivars at company trials in six North Dakota locations in 2002¹ and ratings published by North Dakota State University (NDSU).

VarietyScabDisVarietyScabDisAvonleaSBelzerMBenMSNLebsockMSN							·	•	
ety Scab Nea S er M MS cock MS						lotal	Flag Leaf	Stem	Leaf
ety Scab nlea S er M er MS cock MS	Foliar	Stem	Leaf	Damage	DON ²	Damage ³	Disease ⁴	Rust	Rust
er M MS cock MS	Disease	Rust	Rust	%	ppm	%	%	%	%
er MS MS ock	Σ	ፚ	叱	1.53	1.94	4.2	24.6	0	0
MS MS	2	Α	٣	1.52	1.49	5.3	14.6	0	0
MS	MR	Ж	껕	2.45	3.41	6.0	5.8	0	0
	MS	~	8	1.47	1.98	4.6	17.5	0	0
Mountrail	Σ	ፚ	胚	1.92	3.02	7.4	7.1	0	0
CA-801-706				1.97	2.43	5.4	5.0	0	0
FA-898-782	nantnamar		, and the second	1.96	2.46	3.3	25.8	0	0
1	2002					Annual Control of the			
Mean	un menturun autrum autr	777777777777777777777777777777777777777		2.0	2.61	5.0	16.3		
LSD@0.05				0.61	0.42	1.0	5.5		

¹Locations are Carrington, Leeds, Rolla, Roseglen, Ross and Westhope, North Dakota.
²Deoxynivalenol – the toxin produced by Fusarium.
³Kernel damage resulting from weather or disease.
⁴% infestation of flag leaf with tan spot and Septoria tritici.

Table 3. Mean agronomic, quality characterístics and disease reactions of Grande Doro and selected cultivars at company trials in six North Dakota locations in 20031

- to common the state of the st		Flag Leaf	Scab		Total	Falling				Toef	
NEVERSETE NAMES (IN PROPERTIES AND ENTRY IN PROPERTIES AND	Height	Disease ²	Damage	DON ³	Damage ⁴	Number	HVAC	Protein	SEDS	Weight	Vield
Variety	СШ	%	%	mdd	%	Sec	%	%	mm	HAN I	District Colored
Avonlea	89.6	8.1	1.12	2.11	3.63	516.2	95.4	14.8	28.0	20 E	En 7
Ben	93.8	3.8	0.57	1.86	4.36	456.5	94.5	13.7	40.3	61.0	02.7
Belzer	93.9	11.9	0.49	1.01	3.11	483.1	94.8	13.9	53.6	50.0	8.20
Lebsock	86.3	5.6	0.71	1.50	3,08	489.0	95.2	13.2	36.50	03.2 81.8	4.40 8.80 8.80
Mountrail	87.5	4.4	0.89	1.86	2.87	488.0	95.2	13.3	26.20	50.7	0.00
CA-801-706	88.7	8.1	72.0	2.26	2.71	453.9	95.4	13.6	26.4	99.7	04.0 F # 0
Rugby	96.6	4,4	0.70	1.74	2.72	437 1	96.2	12.8	04.7	80.09	1.00
FA-898-782	98.1	9.4	09'0	1.54	1.85	468.4	97.2	14.0	40.B	614	63.1
	nvarini						THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO			1.10	
Mean	89.3	10.8	0.86	1.99	3.18	471.7	95.6	14.0	43.8	60.2	62.4
LSD@0.05	2.7	3.7	0.28	0.67	0.61	18.0	1.3	0.7	3.7	0.4	3.5
)

Locations are Carrington, Langdon, Leeds, Garrison, Ross and Westhope, North Dakota.

²% infestation of flag leaf with tan spot and Septoria tritici.

³ Deoxynivalenol – the toxin produced by Fusarium.
⁴ Kernel damage resulting from weather or disease.
⁵ Hard vitreous amber count
⁶ Flour SDS sedimentation value.

Table 4. Mean agronomic and quality characteristics of Grande Doro and check cultivars at 5 North Dakota Experiment Stations¹ in 2004.

	Days					1000			
	ţ	Plant	Plant		Leaf			Test	Yield
Variety	Head	Height	Height	Lodge	Necrosis	-	Protein	Weight	2004
A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	DAP ²	ء.	cm	0-9³	%	smg	%	lbs/bu	bu/ac
etgethd and entity							***************************************		***************************************
Lebsock	69.4	31.5	80.0	6.0	15.0	41.6	14.9	62.0	57.1
Mountrail	71.0	32.6	82.8	1.1	15.0	40.4	14.7	60.9	58.6
CA-801-706	71.1	33.9	86.1	Ξ	15.0	42.7	14.9	62.0	60.2
				P. THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	Total designation of the second secon	7	The first war was an		
MEAN	70.3	32.7	83.1	1.4	17.1	40.9	15.0	61.2	58.2
LSD.05	1.2	2.7	6.9	33.2		3.3	0.9	0.8	7.1
LSD.05	1.2	2.7	6.9	33.2		3.3		0.9	

¹Locations were Williston, Dickenson, Hettinger, Minot and Carrington, ND.

²DAP=Days after planting

³Lodging score based on scale 0-9 (0=upright, 9=flat)

Table 5. Milling, semolina, and pasta quality analyses for Grande Doro, Lebsock check and experimental durum wheat samples grown in North Dakota in 2004.

	Total	Semo	Total Semo Protein As	Ash	Ser	Semo Color ⁵	or ⁵			Pasta	0	Cooked9	:
ļ.,	Ext	Ext ²	Ext ² Semo ³ Sem	Semo ⁴	7	æ	P	Specks ⁶	$Mixo^7$	Color ⁸	Weight ¹⁰	Loss ¹¹	Firm ¹²
	74.7	62.9	74.7 65.9 13.2	99.0	84.5	-3.0	26.8	30		8.5	29.8	7.7	5.7
	74.5	74.5 65.6	12.6	99.0	85.1	-3.0	25.5	27	8	8.5	28.6	7.6	6.7
	75.2	66.5		29.0	84.6	-3.2	27.5	23	7	8.5	29.5	7.8	5.1
	75.1	75.1 66.4		0.62	84.9		21.3	23	~	7.5	29.5	8.2	2.6
·····	75.2	6.99	12.1	0.67	84.8	-2.7	22.5	23	9	7.5	29.9	8.0	5.5
	72.9	72.9 65.3	12.8	0.70	84.8	-3.2	30.0	13	~	9.5	28.9	6.7	5.9

Total Extraction: %, (Semolina + flour)/total product wt.

Semolina extraction: Semolina wt/total product wt.

Semolina protein, % on 14% mb (Leco).

Semolina ash, % on a 14% mb.

Semolina color, CIE L, a, b values.

Specks, number specks/ 10 square inches.

⁷ Mixo≕mixogram score, scale of 1 to 8 where 1 is very weak and 8 is very strong.

Pasta color: score based on a color map.

Pasta cooked 12 min

¹⁰ Cooked weight, weight after cooking 10 g of spaghetti.

¹¹Cooking loss, % loss to the cooking water.

¹² Cooked firmness is g cm, work required to shear 5 strands of spaghetti.

Exhibit B. Statement of Distinctness

Grande Doro is most similar to the durum wheat variety Mountrail. However, Grande Doro can be distinguished from Mountrail by two distinct morphological characteristics, auricle hairs and glume beak width.

- 1. Grande Doro has auricles that are hairy and Mountrail has glabrous auricles.
- 2. Grande Doro has glume beaks that are wide and Mountrail has glume beaks that are narrow (Figure 1).

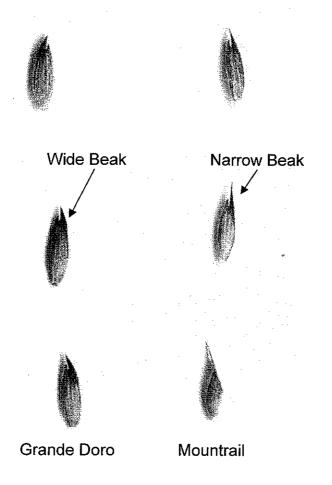


Figure 1. Glumes with beaks of Grande Doro (on left) and Mountrail (on right).

REPRODUCE LOCALLY. Include form number and date on all reproductions.

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> U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE BELTSVILLE, MD 20705

Exhibit C

	OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF Wheat (Triticum spp.)	VARIETY
NAME OF APPLICANT (S)	TEMPORARY OR EXPERIMENTAL DESIGNATION	VARIETY NAME
WestBred LLC	CA-801-706	Grande Doro
ADDRESS (Street and No. or RD No., City, State, Zip Code and Coun 81 Timberline Dr. Bozeman, MT 59718-818		PVPO NUMBER 2006 00 159
PLEASE READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS CAREFUL	AY:	
when number is either 99 or less or 9 or less resp should be determined from varieties entered in the	ectively. Data for quantitative plant characters sho e same trial. Royal Horticultural Society or any rec	Place a zero in the first box (e.g., 0 9 9 or 0 9) uld be based on a minimum of 100 plants. Comparative data ognized color standard may be used to determine plant colors ons for your variety; lack of response may delay progress of
1. KIND: 1 = Common 2 = Durum 3 = Club 4 = Other (Specify)	2 = 3 =	Spring Winter Other (Specify)
3. COLEOPTILE ANTHOCYANIN: 1 1 = Absent 2 = Prese	4. JUVENILE P	_ANT GROWTH: = Prostrate
5. PLANT COLOR: (boot stage)	6. FLAG LEAF:	(hoot stage)
2 1 = Yellow-Green 2 = Green 3 = Blue-Green	1 1 = 2 1 =	Erect 2 = Recurved Not Twisted 2 = Twisted Wax Absent 2 = Wax Present
7. EAR EMERGENCE: 0 5 8 Number of Days (Average) Number of Days Earlier Than Same As 0 2 Number of Days Later Than	* * Mountrail *Relative to a Commercial Variety Grown in the S	
8. ANTHER COLOR: 1 = Yellow 2 = Purple		·

1	ANT HEIGHT: (from soil to top of head, e O 1 cm (Average) 3 cm Taller Than Same As cm Shorter Than	excluding awns) Mountrail	*	2006 00 1	59
10. ST	EM:				
_A.	ANTHOCYANIN	ו). INTERNODE		
1	1 = Absent 2 = Present		1 1 = Hollow 2 = 3 Number of Nodes	Semi-Solid 3 = Solid	
В.	WAXY BLOOM	E	E. PEDUNCLE		
2	1 = Absent 2 = Present		1 1 = Erect 2 = Recurve 4 2 cm Length	d 3 = Semi-Erect	
C.	HAIRINESS (last internode of rachis)	F	. AURICLE	,	
2	1 = Absent 2 = Present		1 Anthocyanin 1 = 7	Absent 2 = Present	
			2 Hair: 1 = /	Absent 2 = Present	
11. HE.	AD: (at maturity)			1.00	
	DENSITY	C	. CURVATURE		
2	1 = Lax 2 = Mid-dense (Laxidense) 3 = Dense		1 = Erect 2 = Inclined 3 = Recurved		
В.	SHAPE		. AWNEDNESS		
2	1 = Tapering 2 = Strap 3 = Clavate 4 = Other (Specify)		1 = Awnless 2 = Apically Awnletted 3 = Awnletted 4 = Awned		
12. GL	UMES: (at maturity)				·
A.	COLOR	E	. BEAK WIDTH		
1	1 = White 2 = Tan 3 = Other (Specify)		3 1 = Narrow 2 = Medium 3 = Wide		
В.	SHOULDER	F	GLUME LENGTH		
6	1 = Wanting 2 = Oblique 3 = Rounded 4 = Square 5 = Elevated 6 = Apiculate 7 = Other (Specify)		3 1 = Short (ca. 7mm) 2 = Medium (ca. 8mm) 3 = Long (ca. 9mm)	,	
C.	SHOULDER WIDTH	G	. WIDTH		
1	1 = Narrow 2 = Medium 3 = Wide		1 = Narrow (ca. 3mm) 2 = Medium (ca. 3.5mm) 3 = Long (ca. 4mm)		
D.	BEAK				
2	1 = Obtuse 2 = Acute 3 = Acuminate				

13. SE	ED:	
Α	SHAPE	E. COLOR 2006 00 159
3	1 = Ovate 2 = Oval 3 = Elliptical	1 = White 2 = Amber 3 = Red 4 = Other (Specify)
В.	CHEEK	F. TEXTURE
1	1 = Rounded 2 = Angular	1 = Hard 2 = Soft 3 = Other (Specify)
. с	BRUSH	G. PHENOL REACTION
1	1 = Short	1 = Ivory 4 = Dark- Brown 2 = Fawn 5 = Black 3 = Light- Brown
D.	CREASE	H. SEED WEIGHT
1	1 = Width 60% or less of Kernel 2 = Width 80% or less of Kernel 3 = Width Nearly as Wide as Kernel	3 9 g/1000 Seed (whole number only)
2	1 = Depth 20% or less of Kernel 2 = Depth 35% or less of Kernel 3 = Depth 50% or less of Kernel	1 = Small 2 = Mid-Size 3 = Large
14. DIS	SEASE: (0 = Not Tested 1 = Susceptible 2 =	Resistant 3 = Intermediate 4 = Tolerant)
	PLEASE INDIC	CATE THE SPECIFIC RACE OR STRAIN TESTED
2	Stem Rust (Puccinia graminis f. sp. tritici)	2 Leaf Rust (<i>Puccinia recondita</i> f. sp. <i>tritici</i>)
0	Stripe Rust (<i>Puccinia striiformis</i>)	O Loose Smut (<i>Ustilago tritici</i>)
3	Tan Spot (<i>Pyrenophora tritici-repentis</i>)	O Flag Smut (<i>Urocystis agropyri</i>)
0	Halo Spot (<i>Selenophoma donacis</i>)	O Common Bunt (Tilletia tritici or T. laevis)
0	Septoria nodorum (Glume Blotch)	O Dwarf Bunt (Tilletia controversa)
0	Septoria avenae (Speckled Leaf Disease)	Karnal Bunt (<i>Tilletia indica</i>)
3	Septoria tritici (Speckled Leaf Blotch)	O Powdery Mildew (<i>Ersiphe graminis</i> f. sp. <i>tritici</i>)
4	Scab (Fusarium spp.)	Snow Molds"
0	"Black Point" (Kernel Smudge)	O Common Root Rot (Fusarium, Cochliobolus and Bipolaris spp.)
0	Barley Yellow Dwarf Virus (BYDV)	Rhizoctonia Root Rot (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)
0	Soilborne Mosaic Virus (SBMV)	O Black Chaff (Xanthomonas campestris pv. translucens)
0	Wheat Yellow (Spindle Streak) Mosaic Virus	O Bacterial Leaf Blight (Pseudomonas syringae pv. syringae)
0	Wheat Streak Mosaic Virus (WSMV)	Other (Specify)
	Other (Specify)	
	Other (Specify)	Ħ
П	Other (Specify)	
15. INS	ECT: (0 = Not Tested 1 = Susceptible 2 =	Resistant 3 = Intermediate 4 = Tolerant) SE SPECIFY BIOTYPE (where needed)
0	Hessian Fly (Mayetiola destructor)	O Other (Specify)
	Stem Sawfly (Cephus spp.)	Other (Specify)
0	Cereal Leaf Beetle (Oulema melanopa)	Other (Specify)
	• • •	

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15. INSECT: (continued)	0 = Not Tested	1 = Susceptible	2 = Resistant	3 = Intermediate	4 = Tolerant		
		PLEASE S	SPECIFY BIOTYPE	(Where Needed)	2006	00	159
Russian Aphid (Di	iuraphis noxia)		Other	(Specify)			
O Greenbug (Schiza	phis graminum)		Other	(Specify)			····
O Aphids			Other	(Specify)			

16. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON ANY ITEM ABOVE, OR GENERAL COMMENTS:

REPRODUCE LOCALLY. Include form number and edition date on a U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	ni reproductions.	FORM APPROVED - OMB No. 0581-005
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE	Application is required in order to de certificate is to be issued (7 U.S.C. 2	421). The information is held
EXHIBIT E STATEMENT OF THE BASIS OF OWNERSHIP	confidential until the certificate is issu	ued (7 U.S.C. 2426).
1. NAME OF APPLICANT(S)	2. TEMPORARY DESIGNATION	3. VARIETY NAME
WestBred LLC	OR EXPERIMENTAL NUMBER	Grande Doro
	CA-801-706	Grande Doro
4. ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP, and Country)	5. TELEPHONE (Include area code)	6. FAX (Include area code)
81 Timberline Dr.	(406) 587-1218	(406) 587-8247
Bozeman, MT 59718-8184	7. PVPO NUMBER	
	200	6 00 159
8. Does the applicant own all rights to the variety? Mark an "X" in the	ne appropriate block. If no, please expla	ain. / YES NO
9. Is the applicant (individual or company) a U.S. national or a U.S.	based company? If no, give name of o	ountry. YES NO
10. Is the applicant the original owner?	NO If no, please answer one	of the following:
		W. 10
a. If the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is YES YES	NO If no, give name of coun	• •
b. If the original rights to variety were owned by a company(ies), is (are) the original owner(s) a U.S. ba	
11. Additional explanation on ownership (Trace ownership from orig	inal breeder to current owner. Use the i	reverse for extra space if needed):
		:
PLEASE NOTE:		
Plant variety protection can only be afforded to the owners (not licer	sees) who meet the following criteria:	
If the rights to the variety are owned by the original breeder, that practional of a country which affords similar protection to nationals of a country which affords similar protection.	person must be a U.S. national, national of the U.S. for the same genus and spec	of a UPOV member country, or cies.
nationals of a UPOV member country, or owned by nationals of a genus and species.	oyed the original breeder(s), the compan country which affords similar protection	y must be U.S. based, owned by to nationals of the U.S. for the same
 If the rights to the variety are owned by the company which emplornationals of a UPOV member country, or owned by nationals of a genus and species. If the applicant is an owner who is not the original owner, both the 	country which affords similar protection	to nationals of the U.S. for the same

The original breeder/owner may be the individual or company who directed the final breeding. See Section 41(a)(2) of the Plant Variety Protection Act for definitions.

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 0.1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing the instructions, searching existing data sources, gethering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

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To file a complaint of discrimination, write USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, Room 326-W, Whitten Building, 14th and Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, D.C. 20250-9410 or call (202) 720-5964 (voice and TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provide and employer.